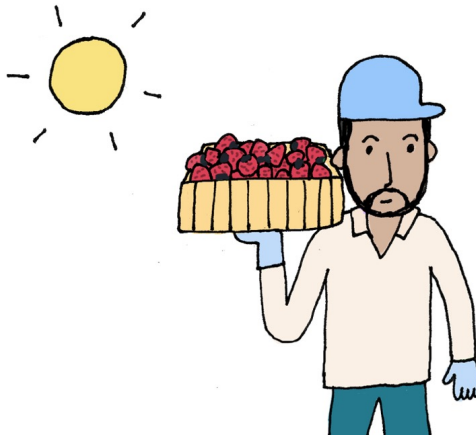

Information for agricultural workers on the Seasonal Worker visa on your rights and support in Scotland



Published August 2024

This guidance is for migrant agricultural workers in Scotland under the UK's Seasonal Worker visa scheme and explains your rights and what you can do if you think your rights are not being protected. It does not give advice on general legal matters. For more information, see the Agricultural wages in Scotland: guide for workers and employers <https://www.sasa.gov.uk/agricultural-wages>

There is support for you if you need it in Scotland. You can find details of support providers at the end of this leaflet.

General Information

Your employer must supply details of the terms and conditions of the work you will do in writing before your first day of work. This should include:

- who is employing you
- your rate of pay
- your working hours and holiday days
- the location of your work
- details of the hours you can expect to work
- a guaranteed minimum number of hours work per week.

You should have received an employment contract in your first language, as well as English.

You should receive a pay slip on or before the day you are paid which shows:

- your pay before and after deductions (such as deductions for your housing and travel if they were agreed with you in advance)
- tax and national insurance deductions required to be made by law
- hours you worked; and
- the 'net' amount on your pay slip (after deductions such as tax) must be the same as the pay you receive.

Under the Seasonal Worker visa Scheme, you are allowed to come to the UK and work in:

- horticulture for up to 6 months
- poultry from 18 October to 31 December

This must be from one of the following recognised horticultural labour providers –

<https://agri-hr.com/>

<https://www.concordiavolunteers.org.uk/>

<https://www.fruitfuljobs.com/>

<https://www.hopslaboursolutions.com/>

<https://pro-force.co.uk/>

Poultry sector recruitment

<https://www.rerecruitment.com/>

<https://pro-force.co.uk/>

You are only allowed to do the type of work shown on your certificate of sponsorship, as organised through your visa sponsor. You should only pay the visa application fee. You should not be charged any other recruitment or agency fees.

On this visa, you are not allowed to:

- take a permanent job
- work in a second job that is not described in your certificate of sponsorship
- receive public funds (such as housing benefit, income support or Universal Credit from the UK government)
- bring family members with you; or
- remain in Scotland after your visa expires.

Changing employer

Your labour provider must set out clearly the way in which you can transfer employer (including criteria for making a request and a process for considering requests) before you start work. Labour providers must not refuse requests from workers to change farms unless there are significant reasons not to allow a change.

Timesheets

Employers must provide an automatic system to record your working hours each day or provide you with a timesheet to record these hours. You must complete these timesheets and give them to your employer. Your employer must keep them for 3 years. You should keep copies of your timesheets and payslips for your records.

Pay

Minimum pay for agricultural workers who arrive in the UK on the Seasonal Worker visa can be found on the [UK Home Office website](#).

This is a minimum rate of pay for all workers over the age of 16 years old. An employer may choose to pay you more. Workers who have certain agricultural or horticultural qualifications can be entitled to additional sums.

Workers on the Seasonal Workers Visa must be paid for a minimum of 32 hours per week for the period for which they are in the UK. This includes being paid if you were available for work within your contracted hours, but your employer has, for any reason, prevented you from working.

Overtime

For the first 26 weeks you are employed, you have a right to be paid overtime if you work for more than 8 hours on any day or for more than 48 hours in any week. The minimum rate for overtime is in the latest version of the Agricultural Wages Guide: <https://www.sasa.gov.uk/agricultural-wages>. These rates change every year in April.

Working Time Regulations

By law, you must not work more than an average of 48 hours per week (including overtime) unless you have chosen to do so voluntarily and agreed to this in writing. You have the right to withdraw your agreement to working increased hours at any time, for any reason.

You have a right to at least 24 hours off per week and 11 hours rest between workdays. Workers have the right to one uninterrupted 20-minute paid rest break during their working day if they work more than 6 hours a day. There are exceptions to this, but these must not become the norm and you must be given time back to make up for lost rest period.

Sick pay

If you are unwell, you may be entitled to sick pay. Employers must pay Statutory Sick Pay (SSP) if:

- you have been off sick for at least 4 days in a row, including non-working days
- you have told your employer you are sick within any deadline the employer has set, or within 7 days: and
- you earn over a certain amount per week on average, which can be found here: <https://www.gov.uk/statutory-sick-pay/eligibility>

SSP must be paid from the fourth day of sickness and can be paid for up to 28 weeks. The current SSP rate can be found here: <https://www.gov.uk/statutory-sick-pay>

Holidays

Your holiday entitlement depends on the number of days that you are expected to work in a regular working week (see table below). Where the number of days worked varies from week to week, the average number of days worked per week over a 12-week period should be calculated. To ensure you are provided with the correct holiday entitlement it is important that you keep timesheets.

At the end of your employment, you must be paid for any holidays not taken.

Days worked per week	Holiday entitlement (based on a 6-month contract)
1 day	4 days
2 days	6.5 days
3 days	9 days
4 days	11.5 days
5 days	14 days
6 days	16.5 days
7 days	19 days

Bereavement

If a member of your close family dies (for example, your child, parent, spouse, or someone you lived with as if married), then you are entitled to at least 3 days paid bereavement leave.

Trade Union Membership

Trade unions protect workers' rights and supply support and legal services. You have the legal right to join a trade union and it is against the law for your employer to prevent you from joining a trade union. Unite the Union represents workers in the farming sector if they are union members. Unite's details and information about other unions can be found at the end of this leaflet.

Accommodation

The only benefit provided by an employer which can be counted as part payment of the minimum wage for an agricultural worker, is the provision of a house without charge. The value of this benefit will be £1 per week as set out in the Agricultural Wages Guide.

From 1 April 2024, any deductions from your wage for accommodation (other than a house) must not be more than £9.99 for each day in the week for which living accommodation is provided.

Any other deductions, including gas and electricity charges, can only be via written agreement. If your employer provides you with accommodation, it must be hygienic, safe and in a good state of repair -

- you should have your own bed, with mattress. You should be told in advance if you need to supply your own bedding
- curtains or blinds should be provided for windows
- toilets, sinks and showers should be easy to clean and kept in working condition; it must have adequate kitchen, bathroom, and toilet facilities for the number of occupants
- it must not be overcrowded
- electrical equipment must be safe and maintained
- gas safety checks must be carried out annually and displayed for those living in accommodation
- single sex sleeping must be provided except in family accommodation
- external doors should be lockable
- fire exits should be clearly marked in accommodation.
- you should have ventilation – opening windows, vents, or air conditioning
- accommodation must be wind and watertight; and an affordable form of heating should be provided in bedrooms that heats the room to at least 18°C

Transportation

If your employer provides you with transportation to and from work:

- vehicles must be safe and kept in good working order; and
- all drivers must be properly trained and have a license to drive the vehicle, if driving on a road.

Health and Safety

There are laws in Scotland to protect your health and safety whilst you are working. Your health and safety training must be paid for by the employer and time spent training should be treated as an extension of time at work:

- before you start work, your employer should give you guidance on health and safety and tell you what to do in an emergency
- you should be given the name of an individual at work who you can speak to if you have concerns about health and safety on the work site
- you should be told about how to access to first aid equipment and who the appointed 'first aiders' are on the work site.
- you should have easy access to clearly marked clean drinking water.
- You should have easy access to clean, well-ventilated toilets and hot and cold (or warm) running water, soap and towels or a dryer
- you should be given weather protective clothing needed so you can do your job, including a raincoat and waterproof boots, warm leggings, and gloves; and
- if your job requires you to be exposed to other health and safety risks, then your employer should supply protective equipment free of charge. This can include safety helmets, hard hats, gloves, eye protection, high visibility clothing, safety footwear and safety harnesses.

If you have concerns about the health and safety conditions at your work, or about workplace injuries, you should contact the Health and Safety Executive (HSE). The contact number is at the end of this leaflet.

If you are facing issues relating to your pay, holidays, sick pay, or overtime you should refer them to your employer. If you need advice or help, contact the Scottish Agricultural Wages Enforcement team on 0131 244 9749 or 0131 244 9750, or seek advice from the support services listed below.



Employer conduct towards employees

It is against the law in Scotland for an employer to discriminate against workers based on age, sex, race, disability, marriage and civil partnership, sexual orientation, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, and religion or belief.

It is against the law to offer less favourable pay and conditions to men and women for equal work or to offer less favourable pay and conditions to workers based on their working pattern, for example, part-time or full-time or contract, fixed term or permanent unless it can be objectively justified by your employer.

Employee conduct towards others

It is important that everyone is respected in the workplace. It is a disciplinary matter if you discriminate against someone because of their age, sex, race, disability, marriage and civil partnership, sexual orientation, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, and religion or belief.

Personal safety and Protection

You have an equal right to protection from physical harm, injury, assault, and abuse as every other person in Scotland. If you are a victim of a serious crime or abuse, or you fear you may be imminently harmed, you should call the police on 999 for immediate help and protection. For non-urgent reports to the police, call 101.

Human Trafficking and Exploitation

Human trafficking, slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour are crimes in the UK with serious punishment. If you are experiencing or have seen others experience these crimes, you should call the police on 999 for immediate help and protection.

The following are signs of possible labour exploitation:

- deception or misleading information about the work and working conditions you would find
- physical or sexual violence towards workers
- intimidation or threats to workers and/or insulting behaviour to make them feel vulnerable
- restriction of workers' movements
- pressure or force to work excessive overtime
- abusive working and/or living conditions
- making people work to pay off a debt
- keeping back wages or making high wage reductions
- employers / visa sponsors keeping passports and identity documents.



If you think you are being exploited, you can either call the police on 999 if it is an emergency. For non-emergencies, call 101 or if you do not want to speak to the police you can call the Modern Slavery Helpline on 0800 0121 700 or fill out the Modern Slavery Helpline online form: <https://www.modernslaveryhelpline.org/scotland>

If you are a victim of human trafficking the police or the Modern Slavery Helpline will talk to you about what has happened and refer you to a support provider who can supply safe accommodation for up to 90 days.

Healthcare

Migrant workers on the Seasonal Worker visa can access healthcare free of charge from the National Health Service (NHS) in Scotland.

Workers should register as an NHS patient with a family doctor - General Practitioner (GP) - **and will not have to pay for this**. The GP will help those on the SWV access any healthcare they may need and can arrange an interpreter to facilitate engagement. At point of registration the GP may ask for some documents to prove an individual is in work, they could include proof of visa, a work contract or wages slip. If the GP prescribes medication to a worker this is **free to access** from a pharmacy in Scotland.

Once registered **most healthcare excluding dental treatment or eye care is free to workers this includes primary care, secondary care and emergency care**. All services that are free to Scottish citizens are also free to workers on the SWV in Scotland.

Further information is also available on the NHS Inform website: <https://www.nhsinform.scot/publications/healthcare-for-people-coming-to-scotland-to-work-factsheet>

Coronavirus (COVID-19)

Both at work and in your free time, it is very important that you follow any COVID-19 guidance to keep yourself and others safe. The guidance can change, and you can find up to date information here: <https://www.gov.scot/coronavirus-covid-19/>

You can find information on how to Stay Safe and Protect others here: <https://www.gov.scot/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-staying-safe-and-protecting-others/>.

If you have symptoms of a respiratory infection, such as COVID-19, and you have a high temperature or you do not feel well enough to

go to work or carry out normal activities, you are advised to stay at home and avoid contact with other people. Symptoms of COVID-19, flu and common respiratory infections are detailed and updated here: <https://www.nhsinform.scot/covid19>.

If you are concerned about your symptoms, or they are getting worse, seek medical advice by contacting NHS 24 on 111. In an emergency dial 999.

Contact Numbers

Emergencies - Police, ambulance or fire and rescue

(Interpreter available)

Telephone: 999

Non-emergencies - Police

Telephone: 101

Non-emergency - Healthcare

Telephone: 111

Just Right Scotland

(Interpreter available)

Website: www.justrightscotland.org.uk

Worker Support Centre

(Russian, Ukrainian, Russian, Lithuanian, Hungarian, Kurdish Kurmanji, Italian, French and English spoken and for other languages interpretation available)

Email: support@workersupportcentre.org.uk

Helpline 0800 058 1633

Mon-Tue: 4-8pm, Thur- Fri: 1-8pm, Sat: 9am-4pm.

Voicemail service available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

www.workersupportcentre.org.uk

Scotland's Citizens Advice (English only)

Telephone: 0800 028 1456

Monday – Friday: 09:00 till 17:00

Website: <https://www.cas.org.uk/bureaux>

Scottish Agricultural Wages Enforcement Team (English only)

Terms and Conditions for Agricultural Workers in Scotland

Telephone: 0131 244 9749 or 0131 244 9750

Monday – Friday: 09:00 till 17:00

E-mail: AWET@gov.scot

Rights of EU Citizens in Scotland (in English, Polish, Romanian, Lithuanian, Spanish and Italian)

Website: <https://justcitizens.scot/EU>

Unite the Union Dundee (English only)

Trade Union Membership

Telephone: 01382 227 369

Website: www.unitetheunion.org. Alternative trade union details:

<https://www.gov.uk/join-trade-union>

Health and Safety Executive (HSE) (English only)

Incident Contact Centre for reporting injuries

Telephone: 0345 300 9923

Monday to Friday: 08.30 to 17.00

Website: <https://www.hse.gov.uk/contact/concerns.htm>

Equality Advisory and Support Service (English only)

Discrimination

Telephone: 0808 800 0082

Monday - Friday: 09:00 – 19:00, Saturday: 10:00 – 14:00

Website: <https://www.equalityadvisoryservice.com/>

Gangmasters and Labour Abuse Authority (Interpreter available)

Telephone: 0800 432 0804

Website: www.gla.gov.uk

Email: intelligence@gla.gov.uk

Modern Slavery Helpline (Interpreter available)

Human Trafficking and Exploitation

Telephone: 0800 0 121 700 (24 hours a day, 7 days a week)

Website: www.modernslaveryhelpline.org

Migrant Help (Interpreter available)

Support for all adult victims of trafficking in Scotland, except females exploited for commercial sexual exploitation

Telephone: 0141 884 7900

Emergency Telephone number: 0141 212 8553

Email: Scotland@migranthelpuk.org

Website: www.migranthelpuk.org

Download <https://justgood.work/>, a free mobile app, giving critical information and advice on living and working in the UK, in multiple languages.





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Published, August 2024